

27, a minor. He was identified
Frank Bibick of New Salem.
No trace has yet been found of the
man who inflicted the fatal wound
Younghusband's neck.

Photos of the Wreckage Caused by New Jersey Storm Costing Ten Lives and About \$750,000

Orders for Any Quantity of
Flavor Filled Promptly.

Give us a trial order today.
We will guarantee satisfaction.

502—Both Phones—502

**Yough Crystal Ice
& Storage Co.**

CONNELLVILLE, PA.



Slot Machines.


By GEORGE FITCH,
Author of "At Good Old Sluash."

A slot machine is an automatic clerk, who works for nothing a week through the ne-
glecter when the

And twice among houses at that
The slot machine can be taught
a great many interesting tricks, such
as telling the weight of a total
stranger and detecting a counter-
feit dime without biting it. But it
is not very intelligent. This is why
the slot machine is so popular. It
is a machine that can be taught
national output
be decreased sev-
lot of telephone
demanding dining
would grow fat i
nickels. On the
matic pianos sho
would accept not
bers.

Shooting the two gamblers that came out. Pratti then saw guns has gone out altogether and that all the people who are at all eligible are buying the new Wiggatoy brand. The slot machine is a stupid that it has to sell the gamblers exactly what he wins. In consequence it is greatly beloved and is multiplying with astonishing rapidity.

The slot machine is now found



wherever civilization is rampant, and it leads a busy and useful life selling gum, peanuts, candy, ham sandwiches, popular hot drinking cups, wax, matches, souvenir cards and telephone calls. It also takes photographs, tells fortunes and enables the gay and venturesome young gambler to spend happy evenings feeding hard-earned quarters into a small slit in the face of an innocent looking and close mounted machine.

[illegible]

DO YOUR FEET PERS

There is relief from the discomfort of perspiring feet in every pair of **AMARAL'S** shoes. "WOMEN"



**CUSHION
SHO**

« The especially tanned covering for the felt prevents the insole bunching under your foot. The porous character of the felt gives a dry foot, and these all spell comfort for the

"Worth" Cushion Sold
FOR SALE BY
DeWitt Shoe Store

Downs Shoe Store
Counellsville's Leading High Grade Shoe Store
 For Women—Queen Quality,
 For Men—Kaiser Brand.

**No Gifts
More Sensible
Than Foot**

Our Christmas Shoes and Slippers
play and the showing is fine.
MEN'S SHOES—Splendid styles from
makers, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00.
WOMEN'S SHOES—In all the

NOTE AND GIRLS' SHOES—Made for purpose.
SLIPPERS—For men, women and children. Felt or leather in every good style.

HOOPER & LO
104 W. Main St

**When You Begin to U
The COURIER WANT**

**You Begin to Travel the
That Leads to Success
One Cent a Word.**

100

Of all after-holiday sales in Connellsville, ours should appeal to you most on account of the high character of our goods and the sweeping reduction in prices. Aside from our regular holiday lines, all Coats, Suits, Waists, Dress Goods and Neckwear will be included, making this store the center of interest for all economical buyers.

Sale begins Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. Make it a point to be present and enjoy your share of the savings.

Just in receipt of a shipment of new suitings—an advance spring order, that will be of interest to those who do early sewing. Large plaids, 42 inches wide, in bright colors to sell at **\$1.00** the yard. Plain Ratines in pretty new shades, 44 inches wide, to sell at **\$1.25** the yard, and a beautiful silk warp Ratine, 40 inches wide, to sell at **\$2.00** the yard. On display in our dress ready-to-wear—

THE OLD HOME STORE

are now offering great bargains in all classes of Winter Clothing for Men, Women and Children. For Men, it is a money-saving time if you want to buy an Overcoat, Underwear, Heavy Clothing, Heavy Shoes, or any article of Winter wear. You will get them at about 25% reduction off the original price.

The same applies to Women's and Misses' Winter Clothing; Boy's and Children's. It is a big bargain time; Winter has hardly begun. There is going to be a lot of cold weather yet, and now is a good time to prepare for it.

62 LARGE DEPARTMENT STORES

Located in Fayette,
Westmoreland and Allegheny Counties

There is relief from the discomfort of perspiring feet in every pair of



**"WORTH"
CUSHION SOLE
SHOES.**

Canneltonville's Leading High Grade Shoe Store.

For Women—Queen Quality. For Men—Walkovers, I

Our Christmas Shoes and Slippers are on display and the showing is fine.

MEN'S SHOES—Splendid styles from the best makers, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00.

WOMEN'S SHOES—In all the new models showing the best style features, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' SHOES—Made for every purpose.

SLIPPERS—For men, women and children. Felt or leather in every good style.

.....

**When You Begin to Use
The COURIER WANT ADS
You Begin to Travel the Road
That Leads to Success.
One Cent a Word.**

SCOTSDALE PUPILS AND TEACHERS ARE GIVEN SURPRISE

When School Board Adds
Another Week of Vac-
ation Unexpectedly.

NOT ANNOUNCED UNTIL SUNDAY

Change in Plans Given Out at Some of
the Churches; Meeting of State
Educational Association in Pittsburgh
the Reason; Other Notes of News.

Special to The Courier.
SCOTSDALE, Dec. 29.—There was the biggest surprise for teachers and pupils of the Scottdale schools ever given here when it was announced at some of the churches Sunday morning that there would be another week of vacation so that the teachers should attend the State Teachers Association meeting in Pittsburgh this week. The schools will resume work on next Monday, January 5. The sudden change in plans at the last minute caused a good deal of disturbance in the school world, and Sunday there was a frequent use of telephones to directors, teachers or others whom pupils thought would know about the matter, as there was a good deal of question on this report. However, with all this there were comparatively few of the out of town pupils who knew anything about the change and they arrived for school this morning and were the most surprised of all. In spite of this they bore up bravely at the thought of no lessons for another week. The teachers had scattered for what vacation they could get after the county institute, and Principal William Edwards was an exceedingly busy man reaching as many of them as possible yesterday to announce the plans.

IS AT HOME.
Albert B. Taylor, a well known Scottdale, who has been engaged in evangelistic work, with Rev. John S. Hamilton's party at Wellsburg, W. Va., has been spending a few days at his home at this place before rejoining the evangelists at Sistersville, K. Va., where the huge tabernacle has been built and where meetings will be held for the next five weeks. The Wellsburg campaign was at least five weeks, but the interest was as intense as the services lasted for six weeks, with 1,004 conversions reported.

PRESENT FOR PASTOR.
Rev. A. E. Davies, pastor of the Alverton church of the Methodist Episcopal Church taking in Alverton, Jacobs Creek and Wesley Chapel churches, has been holding a series of revival meetings at the last named church, with several accessions to the membership within the last week or so. The appearance of the pastor when they presented him with a handsome gold watch and fob. Mrs. Margaret Browning presented the minister with the gift in the presence of an assemblage of the people, and the minister responded with a speech in which he showed the feelings that he entertained for his congregation.

SNOW DAMAGE.
The heavy wet snow, which later froze fast to trees, wires and fences, did some damage in breaking down fruit trees and shrubbery as well as some trees. Arrows from telephone poles, and the weight of the snow, with the weight of snow was a common complaint on a number of the lines. Out through the country the telephone services suffered the most from the snow. The roads, too, on a regular winter condition of "bad roads."

NOTES.
Miss Jane Parker, teacher of domestic science in the Turley Creek high school, and Miss May Parker, a teacher in the Girls' Seminary at Glendale, O., have been spending the holidays with their parents. Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Parker.

Frank F. Weiss, the tailor, accompanied by his daughter Charlotte, are spending a few days in Philadelphia visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Weiss.

Miss Ada Hittengrove of Cleveland, O., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hittengrove.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Watson have been enjoying the Christmas holidays visiting friends in Canton, O.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cook of Monaca City have been the guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Campbell.

Mrs. John L. Townsend and daughter, Dorothy, of West Newton, and Mrs. Stichter, M. Hill and daughter, Roberta, of East Palestine, O., visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Presley Culler over Christmas.

Miss Margaretta Herrington of South Brownsville has been the guest of Miss Edna Rhodes for a few days.

Miss Edna L. Krouse, librarian of the Scottdale Free Public Library, has been visiting relatives in Pittsburgh during the holiday time.

A Marion Elfr of Pittsford is seriously ill with an attack of pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. George Morris of Gratton, W. Va., spent the holidays in Pittsford with their parents Mr. and Mrs. George Ridener.

Marion Berg of Pittsford, is a visitor to Pittsford on Christmas spending the day there with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Berg.

Harmer Wright, a student at Gettysburg College, is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Wright of Pittsford.

The Christmas entertainment held at the Mount Carmel Sunday school at Pittsford, was a great success, although the ugly weather reduced the attendance.

Mrs. Esther Storm of Greensburg, was the guest on Tuesday until Saturday of Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Fitzgerald.

Three Year Old Willie You Can. More real in any other of the infant all. The safe way is to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the parent of the child as well as the child. For sale by all druggists.—Advt.

Railroad Chiefs Volunteer to Give Commerce Commission Greater Powers Hoping to Improve Conditions



1. B.F. DUSH. 2. D.A. WORTHINGTON. 3. F.D. UNDERWOOD. 4. L.S. FELTON. 5. S.A.H. SMITH

INDIAN CREEK.

INDIAN CREEK, Dec. 27.—Frank Stindl and George Ambacher of Mill Run, are business callers in Connellsville today.

R. C. Brooks of Devilstown, is transacting business in Connellsville today.

D. L. Marietta from the GU tower, spent a short while here on business today.

Mrs. Hiram Bligam of Indian Head, is calling on Connellsville friends today.

C. D. Hill of Indian Head, has moved his family to Devilstown.

Mrs. Kathryn Hill of Park of Pittsburgh, is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hill.

F. Z. Lynn was a Connellsville business caller today.

Mr. and Mrs. George Snyder returned to their home in Devilstown this morning, after spending Christmas among Connellsville friends.

Mrs. John Matthews of Jones Mill, left for Scottdale this morning to visit friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Matthews, who spent over Christmas among Scottdale and Mount Pleasant friends, returned home today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Dull of Mill Run, returned home today, after a few days visit among Connellsville friends.

Warren Younk of Magnolia, W. Va., came home sick and is reported down with typhoid fever.

Frank Lindsey of Williamsport, is here today on business.

The stork arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Smith today and left a fine baby girl. Mother and babe are getting along nicely.

C. R. Wagner, a veteran conductor of the middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad, with headquarters at Altoona, arrived here today to spend Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Habel and later, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Habel.

F. W. Stichel is here today looking after his business interests.

OHIOVILLE.

OHIOVILLE, Dec. 29.—Mr. and Mrs. John Morrison of Connellsville, returned home Sunday evening, after spending the past few days with relatives here.

Miss Ella McFarland of Pittsburgh, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Charles Finnegan spent Sunday with his family at Confluence.

Mrs. Charles Newman of Connellsville, spent Sunday with Ohioville relatives.

Mrs. Marshall and daughter have returned home, after spending the past few days with Scottdale relatives.

Ed Staffery was a Confluence caller Sunday.

Mrs. J. H. Eney and daughters have returned to their home at Confluence, after spending the past week with relatives here.

Binger Show returned to his work at Connellsville, after spending the past few days at his home here.

Mrs. John Boyd and children, who have been visiting here for the past several months, returned to her home at Kewansville on Saturday.

Tracy Chuck has returned to his home, after a few days' visit with Uniontown relatives.

Mrs. Clara Dull is the guest of her brother at Kewansville for several days.

William Welch was a Confluence visitor Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Robison and daughter returned to their home at Uniontown, after spending the past week with relatives here.

The following officers were elected for the coming year of the Methodist

Church: John Bork, superintendent; Amos Collins, assistant superintendent; Pearl Holt, secretary; Mrs. Cyrus Show, treasurer.

Fred Mason of Pittsburgh, is the guest of his parents here.

NEW UNEXPLORED LAND
FOUND IN ARCTIC ZONE.

An Island Two Hundred Miles Long
North of Siberia.

The possibilities of geographical discovery on the larger scale are by no means exhausted, according to the Journal of the Royal Geographical Society of England. This is proved, it says, by the discovery of new land in the ocean north of Siberia at no great distance from the extreme northeast point in Asia.

While many have been prepared for such a discovery in the great unknown area extending north of Alaska and across Siberia to the neighborhood of the pole (the quest of such land being, in fact, the object of two expeditions now in the field—those of McMillan and Stefansson), the existence of hitherto undiscovered land in the much smaller unknown area immediately north of western Siberia is more of a surprise.

The discovery was made by the Russian ice breakers Taimyr and Vajut, which have been busy during the past three years in hydrographical work in the seas north of eastern Siberia, to which they have made their way by Bering strait from their winter quarters at Vladivostok. Two years ago they made a successful voyage from the strait to the mouth of the Kolyma, under Admiral Trajan. In the following season they made a still longer voyage, but were unable to round the Taimyr peninsula. During the past summer they were in charge of Captain Vilibitsky.

The plan this year was to continue the navigation around Cape Chelyuskin and complete the northeast passage by pushing through to Europe by the northern route. Finding all efforts to round Chelyuskin fruitless, an attempt was made to find a passage by pushing north, and this led to the discovery of land stretching for some 200 miles to the north.

The length assigned to the new coast will probably bring it down to within some thirty or forty miles of the mainland. The probability seems to be that the new land will repeat to some extent the general character of Nova Zembla, though it is possible, no doubt, that it forms an archipelago, like Franz Josef Land.

THE Y. M. C. A. Night
School Offers You
MONDAY:

First Aid to the Injured.
Dr. Earl Sherrick and E. T. Burr, Teachers.

TUESDAY:
Electricity and Mechanics.
E. V. Kaplan, Minnesota University, and E. E. Gotchall, Superintendent of Laboratories, West Penn. Teachers.

THURSDAYS:
Practical Mining.
Prof. J. E. Eisenmann, University of Pittsburgh, teaching Miss Foreman's Course.

FRIDAYS:
Shop Arithmetic.
Commercial Arithmetic.
Business English.
Letter Writing.
Penmanship.
Spelling.
Professor Mack, Principal of the Fourth Ward Schools, Teacher.

If you will help to get a class of 10 students in any other course we will get a first-class speaker and provide the place of meeting.

The tuition fee in all classes is \$1 per month.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
FOR
BILIOUSNESS
AND
CONSTIPATION
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
Society, Services 11 a.m. Sunday School 10 a.m. Reading Room open Monday 2 to 4 p.m. and Wednesday and Saturday 2 to 4 p.m. Everyone is cordially invited.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SOCIETY
OF UPHOLSTOWN, PA.
Room 1, 2nd Floor, Peoples Trust and Trust Bldg.

TRY RESINOL FREE FOR SKIN TROUBLE

A Sore Itching Instantly and Soon
Heals the Worst Eruptions.

The famous Resinol Ointment touches any itching skin, the itching stops and healing begins. With the aid of Resinol Soap, it quickly cleans away all traces of eczema, ringworm, pimples, blackheads, or other unsightly, irritating eruptions, leaving the skin clear and healthy.

Prove our statement that Resinol will do this for you. Write today to Dept. 17-M, Resinol, Baltimore, Md., and we will send you a Resinol Ointment, by parcel post, with full directions for use.

Resinol has been prescribed by doctors for 25 years. Sold by every druggist.

Careful Physicians and Specialists.
W. B. Hackett, 605 Golden Gate Ave., San Francisco, writes: "I am bothered for several years by eczema patches on my face, as well as blackheads, which were a source of much discomfort and embarrassment. At last I decided to try Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment. I am happy to say I am entirely rid of the eruptions, and my skin is clear of all blemishes. I also find that Resinol works wonders when used to cure cold sores, etc."

During this wonderful offer I will be in charge and every patient will get scientific examination and glasses properly adjusted. REMEMBER I am making this offer to build up my business and cannot afford to exaggerate. Special prices during offer on specially ground lenses, bifocals and torics.

For balance of week only "Stevens R. Q." Gold lined Eyeglass Mountings—every pair guaranteed by the makers—fitted with my own lenses—including examination, \$1.00.

All "Stevens" frames and mountings are stamped on the bridge—"Stevens R. Q."—look for it—don't take my word. They are gold lined—not gold plated—permanently guaranteed by Stevens & Company, (Inc.) of Providence, R. I., and myself—and will be replaced at any time if they fail to give satisfaction.

Stevens and the Use and Selection of Spectacles
Give us a chance to tell you how to select and use spectacles. We will send you a booklet on "The Use and Selection of Spectacles" free of charge. It tells you how to select and use spectacles. It tells you how to select and use spectacles. It tells you how to select and use spectacles.

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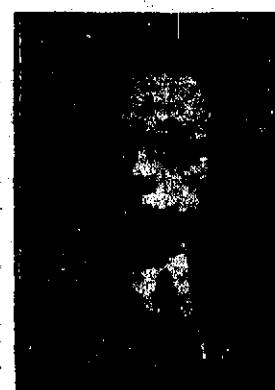
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OVER 6,000 SATISFIED SPEC-
TACLE WEARERS IN FAY-
ETTE COUNTY—MY REC-
ORD IN LESS THAN
THREE YEARS'
TIME.



DR. M. B. BURSTAN.
MUNSON BUILDING

100 W. MAIN ST.—SECOND FLOOR.

One More Week Only

BEGINNING MONDAY, Dec. 29TH I WILL FIT YOUR EYES WITH "STEVENS R. Q." GOLD-FILLED EYE GLASSES FOR \$1.00. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED. PLEASE REMEMBER I AM DOING THIS TO BUILD UP A BIG BUSINESS. COME EARLY IN THE MORNING AND EARLY IN THE WEEK AND YOU WILL BE SURE TO GET WAITED ON. OFFICE HOURS 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

This "Stevens" offer is an advertising proposition pure and simple—your advantage is a superior grade of goods at a special low price—my profit is making 500 new acquaintances and winning their confidence.

Stevens mountings are the best in the world—they occupy the same position in the optical trade as "Rogers Bros. 1847" do in the silver line and "Elgin" or "Waltham" do in the watch business.

SUCH A STARTLING ANNOUNCEMENT no doubt makes you ask if it is absolutely bonafide and if so why I do it. The whole story is this. I have decided to make this unheard of sacrifice of gold-filled glasses at \$1 to gain the full support and patronage of Connellsville people and thus build up an extensive optical business. The lenses are the same I use in my regular lines, every one fully guaranteed, and I use just as much care in fitting your eyes. Difficult cases a specialty.

Headaches and nervousness and other troubles, far remote from the eye are oftentimes the direct result of eye strain and the proper glasses would give immediate relief. It is not necessary for the eye to be sore to indicate the need of glasses. In many cases the eye may be perfectly healthy and glasses may be needed for the reasons which are only apparent to the skilled refractician.

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KOBACKER'S

THE BIG STORE

After Xmas Sale

1/2 Off

Odd lots of Handkerchiefs.
Odd lots of Handbags.
Toilet Goods, Brushes, Etc.
Odd lots of Men's Neckwear.
Manicure Sets, Brush Sets, Etc.
All Trimmed Hats.
Men's and Boys' Caps.

1/3 Off

Entire Stock of Women's and Misses' Suits and Coats.
Entire Stock of Women's and Misses' Furs.
Entire Stock of Children's Coats.

1/4 Off

All Holiday Slippers.
Men's, Women's and Children's.

KOBACKER'S

THE BIG STORE

ON PITTSBURG STREET.

FIRST PHOTO OF SCENE AT CALUMET,
WHERE PANIC COST ABOUT 80 LIVES.



CROWD SURGING AROUND BUILDING

COAL! COAL!
WASHINGTON RUN. OPEKISKA.
PITTSBURG HARD and YOUGH GAB.
Wagon Load or Car Load.
ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY AT LOW CASH PRICES.
Connellsville Coal Co.
OFFICE AND YARDS, SOUTH ARCH STREET.
WE ALWAYS HAVE COAL.

FOR THE WORKINGMAN
SOUTH CONNELLSVILLE
LOTS ARE BARGAINS.

CURRENCY BILL NOW A LAW; VITAL TO WHOLE NATION



Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, William Howard Taft, is shown in the center of the group of seven members of the Federal Reserve Board, who are shown in the foreground. The group is standing in front of a building, and the Chief Justice is holding a book.



Secretary of the Treasury, William G. B. Owen, is shown in the center of the group of seven members of the Federal Reserve Board, who are shown in the foreground. The group is standing in front of a building, and the Secretary is holding a book.

The federal reserve act is now a law. With President Wilson's signature to the new Glass-Owen currency reform bill the country looks forward to the practical working out of the act. The law is in part as follows:

An act to provide for the establishment of federal reserve banks to furnish an elastic currency, to afford means of reducing commercial paper, to establish a more effective supervision of banking in the United States and for other purposes.

That the short title of this act shall be the "Federal reserve act."

Sec. 1. As soon as practicable the Federal Reserve Board shall be organized, and the secretary of the board shall be the controller of the currency, acting as the controller of the currency, and as the controller of the currency, acting as the controller of the currency.

NAMING RESERVE BANKS.

To Take Title of Principal City in Reserve District.

The said committee shall supervise the organization in each of the cities designated of a federal reserve bank which shall include in its title the name of the city in which it is situated as "Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago."

Under regulations to be prescribed by the organization committee every national banking association in the United States is hereby required and every eligible bank in the United States and every trust company within the District of Columbia is hereby authorized to signify in writing within sixty days after the passage of this act its acceptance of the terms and provisions hereof.

When the organization committee shall have designated the cities in which federal reserve banks are to be organized and fixed the geographical limits of the federal reserve districts every national banking association within that district shall be required within thirty days after notice from the organization committee to subscribe to the capital stock of such federal reserve bank in a sum equal to 4 per cent of the paid up capital stock and surplus of such bank.

Any national bank failing to signify its acceptance of the terms of this act within the sixty days aforesaid shall cease to act as a reserve agent upon thirty days' notice to be given within the discretion of the said organization committee or of the federal reserve board.

Should any national banking association in the United States now organized fall within one year after the passage of this act to become a member bank under the provisions hereof it is hereby required to do so, and to comply with the provisions of this act applicable thereto.

Class A shall consist of three members, who shall be chosen by and be representative of the stock holding banks.

Class B shall consist of three members, who at the time of their election shall be actively engaged in their district in commerce, in agriculture or in some other industrial pursuit.

Class C shall consist of three members, who shall be designated by the federal reserve board. When the necessary subscriptions to the capital stock have been obtained for the organization for any federal reserve bank the federal reserve board shall appoint the Class C directors and shall designate one of such directors as chairman of the board to be selected.

Pending the designation of such chairman the organization committee shall exercise the powers and duties pertaining to the office of chairman in the organization of such federal reserve bank.

No senator or representative in congress shall be a member of federal reserve board or an officer or director of a federal reserve bank.

No director of Class B shall be an officer, director or employee of any

Such branches shall be operated by a board of directors under the rules and regulations approved by the federal reserve board. Directors of branch banks shall possess the same qualifications as directors of the federal reserve banks. Four of said directors shall be selected by the reserve bank and three by the federal reserve board, and they shall hold office during the pleasure, respectively, of the reserve bank and the federal reserve board.

The reserve bank shall designate one of its directors as manager.

Sec. 4. Upon the filing of a certificate with the controller of the currency the said federal reserve bank shall become a body corporate and as such and in the name designated in such organization certificate shall have power—

First.—To adopt and use a corporate seal.

Second.—To have succession for a period of twenty years from its organization unless it is sooner dissolved by an act of congress or unless its franchise becomes forfeited by some violation of law.

Third.—To make contracts.

Fourth.—To sue and be sued, complain and defend, in any court of law or equity.

Fifth.—To appoint by its board of directors, elected as hereinafter provided, such officers as are not otherwise provided for in this act, to define their duties, require bonds of them and fix the penalty thereof, to dismiss such officers or any of them as may be appointed by them at pleasure and to appoint others to fill their places.

Sixth.—To prescribe by its board of directors bylaws not inconsistent with law regulating the manner in which its general business may be conducted and the privileges granted to it by law may be exercised and enjoyed.

Seventh.—To exercise by its board of directors or duly authorized officers or agents all powers specifically granted by the provisions of this act and such incidental powers as shall be necessary to carry on the business of banking within the limitations prescribed by this act.

Eighth.—Upon deposit with the treasurer of the United States of any bonds of the United States in the manner provided by existing law relating to national banks to receive from the controller of the currency circulating notes in blank, registered and counter signed as provided by law, equal in amount to the par value of the bonds so deposited and such notes to be issued under the same conditions and provisions of law which relate to the issue of circulating notes of national banks secured by bonds of the United States bearing the circulating privilege, except that the issue of such notes shall not be limited to the amount of the capital stock of such federal reserve bank.

But no federal reserve bank shall transact any business except such as is incidental and necessarily preliminary to its organization until it has been authorized by the controller of the currency to commence business under the provisions of this act.

CLASSES OF DIRECTORS.

Board of Nine to Control Each Reserve Bank.

Every federal reserve bank shall be conducted under the supervision and control of a board of directors.

Such board of directors shall be selected as hereinafter provided and shall consist of nine members, holding office for three years and divided into three classes, designated as Classes A, B and C.

Class A shall consist of three members, who shall be chosen by and be representative of the stock holding banks.

Class B shall consist of three members, who at the time of their election shall be actively engaged in their district in commerce, in agriculture or in some other industrial pursuit.

Class C shall consist of three members, who shall be designated by the federal reserve board. When the necessary subscriptions to the capital stock have been obtained for the organization for any federal reserve bank the federal reserve board shall appoint the Class C directors and shall designate one of such directors as chairman of the board to be selected.

Pending the designation of such chairman the organization committee shall exercise the powers and duties pertaining to the office of chairman in the organization of such federal reserve bank.

No senator or representative in congress shall be a member of federal reserve board or an officer or director of a federal reserve bank.

No director of Class B shall be an officer, director or employee of any

bank.

No director of Class C shall be an officer, director, employee or stockholder of any bank.

Class C directors shall be appointed by the federal reserve board. They shall have been for at least two years residents of the district for which they are appointed, one of whom shall be designated by said board as chairman of the board of directors of the federal reserve bank and as "federal reserve agent." He shall be a person of tested banking experience, and in addition to his duties as chairman of the board of directors of the federal reserve bank he shall be required to maintain under regulations to be established by the federal reserve board a local office of said board on the premises of the federal reserve bank.

Sec. 5. The capital stock of each federal reserve bank shall be divided into shares of \$100 each.

Division of Earnings.

Sec. 7. After all necessary expenses of a federal reserve bank have been paid or provided for, the stockholders shall be entitled to receive an annual dividend of 6 per centum on the paid up capital stock, which dividend shall be cumulative. After the aforesaid dividend claims have been fully met all net earnings shall be paid to the United States as a franchise tax, except that one-half of such net earnings shall be paid into a surplus fund until it shall amount to 40 per centum of the paid up capital stock of such bank.

The net earnings derived by the United States from federal reserve banks shall, in the discretion of the secretary, be used to supplement the gold reserve held against outstanding United States notes, or shall be applied to the reduction of the outstanding bonded indebtedness of the United States. Reserve banks shall not be taxed except upon real estate.

Section 8 amends the existing banking laws, so that stockholders owning 51 per cent of the stock of banks other than national banks can convert their organizations into national banks.

Section 9 describes how state banks may become members of reserve banks.

FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD.

Seven Members, Five of Whom Are to Get \$12,000 a Year Each.

Sec. 10. A federal reserve board is hereby created, which shall consist of seven members, including the controller of the currency and the comptroller of the currency.

The five members appointed by the president of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, in selecting the five appointive members of the federal reserve board not more than one of whom shall be selected from any one federal reserve district, the president shall have regard to a fair representation of the different geographical divisions of the country. The five members of the federal reserve board appointed by the president and confirmed as aforesaid shall devote their entire time to the business of the federal reserve board and shall each receive an annual salary of \$12,000, together with actual necessary traveling expenses, and the controller of the currency, as ex officio member of the federal reserve board, shall receive in addition to his salary now paid him as comptroller of the currency, the sum of \$7,000 annually for his services as a member of said board. The members of said board shall be appointed by the president, the assistant secretary of the treasury and the controller of the currency shall be ineligible during the time they are in office and for two years thereafter to hold any office, position or employment in any member bank. Of the five members thus appointed by the president at least two shall be persons experienced in banking or finance. One shall be designated by the president to serve for two, one for four, one for six, one for eight, one for ten, and thereafter each member so appointed shall serve for a term of ten years unless sooner removed for cause by the president. Of the five persons thus appointed one shall be designated by the president as governor and one as vice governor of the federal reserve board, subject to its supervision, shall be the acting executive officer.

The federal reserve board shall have power to levy semiannually upon the federal reserve banks in proportion to their capital and surplus an assessment sufficient to pay its estimated expenses and salaries of its members and employees for the half year succeeding the letting of such assessment, together with any deficit carried forward from the preceding half year.

The first meeting of the federal reserve board shall be held in Washington, District of Columbia, as soon as may be after the passage of this act at a date to be fixed by the reserve bank organization committee. The secretary of the treasury shall be ex officio chairman of the federal reserve board. No member of the federal reserve board shall be an officer or director of any bank, banking institution, trust company or federal reserve bank nor hold stock in any bank, banking institution or trust company, and before entering upon his duties as a member of the federal reserve board he shall certify under oath to the secretary of the treasury that he has complied with this requirement. Whenever a vacancy shall occur other than by expiration of term among the six members of the federal reserve board appointed by the president, as above provided, a successor shall be appointed by the president, with the advice and consent of the senate, to fill such vacancy.

The president shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen on the federal reserve board during the recess of the senate by granting commissions which shall expire thirty days after the next session of the senate convenes.

Sec. 11. The federal reserve board shall be authorized and empowered:

(a) To examine at its discretion the accounts, books and affairs of each federal reserve bank and of each member bank and to require such statements and reports as it may deem necessary. The said board shall publish once each week a statement showing the condition of each federal reserve bank and a consolidated statement for all federal reserve banks. Such statements shall show in detail the assets and liabilities of the federal reserve banks, single and combined, and shall furnish full information regarding the character of the money held by the reserve bank, the amount, nature and maturity of the paper and other investments owned or held by federal reserve banks.

(b) To permit or on the affirmative vote of at least five members of the reserve board to require federal reserve banks to redeem the discount of paper of other federal reserve banks at rates of interest to be fixed by the federal reserve board.

(c) To suspend for a period not exceeding thirty days, and from time to time to renew such suspension for periods not exceeding fifteen days, any reserve requirement specified in this act. Provided, that it shall establish a graduated tax upon the amounts by which the reserve bank fails to comply with the requirements of this act.

(d) To add to the number of cities classified as reserve and central reserve cities under existing law in which national banking associations are subject to the reserve requirements set forth in section 20 of this act, or to reclassify existing reserve and central reserve cities or to terminate their designation as such.

(e) To suspend or remove any officer or director of any federal reserve bank, the cause of such removal to be forthwith communicated in writing by the federal reserve board to the removed officer or director and to said bank.

(f) To require the writing off of doubtful or worthless assets upon the books and balance sheets of federal reserve banks.

(g) To suspend, for the violation of any of the provisions of this act, the operations of any federal reserve bank, to take possession of the assets of such bank during the period of suspension and when deemed advisable to liquidate or reorganize such bank.

(h) To require bonds of federal reserve agents, to make regulations for the safeguarding of all collateral bonds, federal reserve notes, money or property of any kind deposited in the hands of such agents and said board shall perform the duties and functions of services specified in this act and to make all rules and regulations necessary to enable said board effectively to perform the same.

(i) To exercise general supervision over said federal reserve banks.

(k) To grant by special permit to national banks applying therefor, when not in contemplation of state or local law, the right to act as trustees, executor, administrator or registrar of stocks and bonds under such rules and regulations as the said board may prescribe.

(l) To employ such attorneys, experts, assistants, clerks or other employees as may be deemed necessary to properly conduct the business of the board. All selected such shall be fixed in advance by said board and shall be paid in the same manner as the salaries of the members of said board. All such attorneys, experts, assistants, clerks and other employees shall be appointed without regard to the provisions of the act of Jan. 16, 1883 (volume 22, United States statutes at large, page 408), and amendments thereto or any rule or regulation made in pursuance thereof.

Section 12 creates a federal advisory council, consisting of one member from each federal reserve district, which is empowered to confer with the federal reserve board and make representations regarding the business of the board.

RESERVE BOARD POWERS.

Has Controlling Hand on Banking of the Nation.

Sec. 11. The federal reserve board shall be authorized and empowered:

(a) To examine at its discretion the accounts, books and affairs of each federal reserve bank and of each member bank and to require such statements and reports as it may deem necessary. The said board shall publish once each week a statement showing the condition of each federal reserve bank and a consolidated statement for all federal reserve banks. Such statements shall show in detail the assets and liabilities of the federal reserve banks, single and combined, and shall furnish full information regarding the character of the money held by the reserve bank, the amount, nature and maturity of the paper and other investments owned or held by federal reserve banks.

(b) To permit or on the affirmative vote of at least five members of the reserve board to require federal reserve banks to redeem the discount of paper of other federal reserve banks at rates of interest to be fixed by the federal reserve board.

(c) To suspend for a period not exceeding thirty days, and from time to time to renew such suspension for periods not exceeding fifteen days, any reserve requirement specified in this act. Provided, that it shall establish a graduated tax upon the amounts by which the reserve bank fails to comply with the requirements of this act.

(d) To add to the number of cities classified as reserve and central reserve cities under existing law in which national banking associations are subject to the reserve requirements set forth in section 20 of this act, or to reclassify existing reserve and central reserve cities or to terminate their designation as such.

(e) To suspend or remove any officer or director of any federal reserve bank, the cause of such removal to be forthwith communicated in writing by the federal reserve board to the removed officer or director and to said bank.

(f) To require the writing off of doubtful or worthless assets upon the books and balance sheets of federal reserve banks.

(g) To suspend, for the violation of any of the provisions of this act, the operations of any federal reserve bank, to take possession of the assets of such bank during the period of suspension and when deemed advisable to liquidate or reorganize such bank.

(h) To require bonds of federal reserve agents, to make regulations for the safeguarding of all collateral bonds, federal reserve notes, money or property of any kind deposited in the hands of such agents and said board shall perform the duties and functions of services specified in this act and to make all rules and regulations necessary to enable said board effectively to perform the same.

(i) To exercise general supervision over said federal reserve banks.

(k) To grant by special permit to national banks applying therefor, when not in contemplation of state or local law, the right to act as trustees, executor, administrator or registrar of stocks and bonds under such rules and regulations as the said board may prescribe.

(l) To employ such attorneys, experts, assistants, clerks or other employees as may be deemed necessary to properly conduct the business of the board. All selected such shall be fixed in advance by said board and shall be paid in the same manner as the salaries of the members of said board. All such attorneys, experts, assistants, clerks and other employees shall be appointed without regard to the provisions of the act of Jan. 16, 1883 (volume 22, United States statutes at large, page 408), and amendments thereto or any rule or regulation made in pursuance thereof.

Section 12 creates a federal advisory council, consisting of one member from each federal reserve district, which is empowered to confer with the federal reserve board and make representations regarding the business of the board.

Sec. 13. Any federal reserve bank may receive from any of its member banks and from the United States deposits of current funds in lawful money, national bank notes, federal reserve notes or checks and drafts upon member banks, payable upon presentation or solely for exchange purposes may receive from other federal reserve banks deposits of current funds in lawful money, national bank notes, federal reserve notes or checks and drafts upon solvent member or other federal reserve banks payable upon presentation.

Upon the indorsement of any of its member banks, with a waiver of demand notice and protest by such bank, any federal reserve bank may discount notes, drafts and bills of exchange arising out of actual commercial transactions—that is, notes, drafts and bills of exchange issued or drawn for agricultural, industrial or commercial purposes or the proceeds of which have been used or are to be used for such purposes, the federal reserve board to have the right to determine or define the character of the paper thus eligible for discount within the meaning of this act. Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to prohibit such notes, drafts and bills of exchange secured by staple agricultural products or other goods, wares or merchandise from being eligible for such discount, but such discount shall not include notes, drafts or bills covering merely investments or based or drawn for the purpose of carrying or trading in stocks, bonds or other securities.

Any federal reserve bank may discount acceptances which are based on the importation or exportation or domestic shipment of goods and which have a maturity at time of discount of not more than three months and indorsed by at least one member bank. The amount of acceptances so discounted shall at no time exceed one-half the paid up capital stock and surplus of the bank for which the discount is made.

The aggregate of such notes and bills bearing the signature or indorsement of any one person, company or firm or corporation rediscounted for any one bank shall at no time exceed 10 per centum of the unimpaired capital and surplus of said bank, but this restriction shall not apply to the discount of bills of exchange drawn in good faith against actually existing values.

Any member bank may accept drafts or bills of exchange drawn upon it and growing out of transactions involving the importation or exportation of goods having not more than six months sight to run, but no bank shall accept such bills to an amount equal at any time in the aggregate to more than one-half of its paid up capital stock and surplus.

Sec. 14. Any federal reserve bank may, under rules and regulations prescribed by the federal reserve board, purchase and sell in the open market at home or abroad, either from or to domestic or foreign banks, firms, corporations or individuals, cable transfers and bankers' acceptances, and bills of exchange of the kind and maturities by this act made eligible for rediscount with or without the indorsement of a member bank.

Every federal reserve bank shall have power:

(a) To deal in gold coin and bullion at home or abroad, to make loans thereon, exchange federal reserve notes for gold, gold coin or gold certificates and to contract for loans of gold coin or bullion, giving therefor, when necessary, acceptable security, including the hypothecation of United States bonds or other securities which federal reserve banks are authorized to hold.

(b) To buy and sell at home or abroad bonds and notes of the United States and bills, notes, revenue bonds and warrants with a maturity from date of purchase of not exceeding six months, issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes or in anticipation of the receipt of assured revenues by any state, county, district, political subdivision or municipality in the continental United States, including irrigation, drainage and reclamation districts, such purchases to be made in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the federal reserve board.

(c) To purchase from member banks and to sell, with or without the indorsement, bills of exchange arising out of commercial transactions as hereinafter defined:

(1) To establish from time to time, subject to review and determination of the federal reserve board, rates of discount to be charged by the federal reserve bank for each class of paper, which shall be fixed with a view of accommodating commerce and business;

(2) To establish accounts with other federal reserve banks for exchange purposes and, with the consent of the federal reserve board, to open and maintain banking accounts in foreign countries, appoint correspondents and establish agencies in such countries wherever it may deem best for the purpose of purchasing, selling and collecting bills of exchange, and to buy and sell with or without the indorsement through such correspondents or agencies, bills of exchange arising out of actual commercial transactions which have not more than sixty days to run and which bear the signature of two or more responsible parties.

Section 15 provides that moneys held in the general fund of the United States treasury, except the 5 per cent fund for the redemption of outstanding national bank notes and the funds provided in the act for the redemption of federal reserve notes, may be deposited in federal reserve banks which shall act as fiscal agents and that the funds of the Philippine Islands, the postal savings and any other government funds must be deposited in federal reserve banks.

Section 16 provides for the issuance

of federal reserve notes to federal reserve banks, redeemable in gold on demand at the treasury department or in gold or lawful money at any federal reserve bank. The collateral security shall be notes and bills accepted for rediscount under section 13. Federal reserve banks shall have a federal reserve of 40 per cent of their federal reserve notes and shall maintain a reserve of not less than 5 per cent of the federal reserve notes for their redemption.

Section 17 repeals laws requiring national banks to deposit government bonds with the United States treasury.

Section 18 provides a plan for retiring the 2 per cent bonds on which the present currency is based. Under the plan \$25,000,000 worth of these bonds will be purchased each year, beginning two years after the system is placed in operation, by the member banks from member banks. On one-half of the holdings each regional bank may issue currency. The remainder will be refunded in 3 per cent thirty year bonds or 3 per cent one year treasury notes, which the banks must agree to renew each year for thirty years.

Section 19 describes how member banks shall establish and maintain reserve banks.

Section 20 provides for the examination of each member bank by the controller of the currency at least twice a year, for a special examination of member banks when desired by federal reserve banks and for a special examination of any federal reserve bank upon the application of ten member banks.

RESERVE BANK POWERS.

Has Controlling Hand on Banking of the Nation.

Sec. 11. The federal reserve board shall be authorized and empowered:

(a) To examine at its discretion the accounts, books and affairs of each federal reserve bank and of each member bank and to require such statements and reports as it may deem necessary. The said board shall publish once each week a statement showing the condition of each federal reserve bank and a consolidated statement for all federal reserve banks. Such statements shall show in detail the assets and liabilities of the federal reserve banks, single and combined, and shall furnish full information regarding the character of the money held by the reserve bank, the amount, nature and maturity of the paper and other investments owned or held by federal reserve banks.

(b) To permit or on the affirmative vote of at least five members of the reserve board to require federal reserve banks to redeem the discount of paper of other federal reserve banks at rates of interest to be fixed by the federal reserve board.

(c) To suspend for a period not exceeding thirty days, and from time to time to renew such suspension for periods not exceeding fifteen days, any reserve requirement specified in this act. Provided, that it shall establish a graduated tax upon the amounts by which the reserve bank fails to comply with the requirements of this act.

(d) To add to the number of cities classified as reserve and central reserve cities under existing law in which national banking associations are subject to the reserve requirements set forth in section 20 of this act, or to reclassify existing reserve and central reserve cities or to terminate their designation as such.

(e) To suspend or remove any officer or director of any federal reserve bank, the cause of such removal to be forthwith communicated in writing by the federal reserve board to the removed officer or director and to said bank.

(f) To require the writing off of doubtful or worthless assets upon the books and balance sheets of federal reserve banks.

(g) To suspend, for the violation of any of the provisions of this act, the operations of any federal reserve bank, to take possession of the assets of such bank during the period of suspension and when deemed advisable to liquidate or reorganize such bank.

(h) To require bonds of federal reserve agents, to make regulations for the safeguarding of all collateral bonds, federal reserve notes, money or property of any kind deposited in the hands of such agents and said board shall perform the duties and functions of services specified in this act and to make all rules and regulations necessary to enable said board effectively to perform the same.

(i) To exercise general supervision over said federal reserve banks.

(k) To grant by special permit to national banks applying therefor, when not in contemplation of state or local law, the right to act as trustees, executor, administrator or registrar of stocks and bonds under such rules and regulations as the said board may prescribe.

(l) To employ such attorneys, experts, assistants, clerks or other employees as may be deemed necessary to properly conduct the business of the board. All selected such shall be fixed in advance by said board and shall be paid in the same manner as the salaries of the members of said board. All such attorneys, experts, assistants, clerks and other employees shall be appointed without regard to the provisions of the act of Jan. 16, 1883 (volume 22, United States statutes at large, page 408), and amendments thereto or any rule or regulation made in pursuance thereof.

Section 12 creates a federal advisory council, consisting of one member from each federal reserve district, which is empowered to confer with the federal reserve board and make representations regarding the business of the board.

Sec. 13. Any federal reserve bank may receive from any of its member banks and from the United States deposits of current funds in lawful money, national bank notes, federal reserve notes or checks and drafts upon member banks, payable upon presentation or solely for exchange purposes may receive from other federal reserve banks deposits of current funds in lawful money, national bank notes, federal reserve notes or checks and drafts upon solvent member or other federal reserve banks payable upon presentation.

Upon the indorsement of any of its member banks, with a waiver of demand notice and protest by such bank, any federal reserve bank may discount notes, drafts and bills of exchange arising out of actual commercial transactions—that is, notes, drafts and bills of exchange issued or drawn for agricultural, industrial or commercial purposes or the proceeds of which have been used or are to be used for such purposes, the federal reserve board to have the right to determine or define the character of the paper thus eligible for discount within the meaning of this act. Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to prohibit such notes, drafts and bills of exchange secured by staple agricultural products or other goods, wares or merchandise from being eligible for such discount, but such discount shall not include notes, drafts or bills covering merely investments or based or drawn for the purpose of carrying or trading in stocks, bonds or other securities.

Any federal reserve bank may discount acceptances which are based on the importation or exportation or domestic shipment of goods and which have a maturity at time of discount of not more than three months and indorsed by at least one member bank. The amount of acceptances so discounted shall at no time exceed one-half the paid up capital stock and surplus of the bank for which the discount is made.

The aggregate of such notes and bills bearing the signature or indorsement of any one person, company or firm or corporation rediscounted for any one bank shall at no time exceed 10 per centum of the unimpaired capital and surplus of said bank, but this restriction shall not apply to the discount of bills of exchange drawn in good faith against actually existing values.

Any member bank may accept drafts or bills of exchange drawn upon it and growing out of transactions involving the importation or exportation of goods having not more than six months sight to run, but no bank shall accept such bills to an amount equal at any time in the aggregate to more than one-half of its paid up capital stock and surplus.

Sec. 14. Any federal reserve bank may, under rules and regulations prescribed by the federal reserve board, purchase and sell in the open market at home or abroad, either from or to domestic or foreign banks, firms, corporations or individuals, cable transfers and bankers' acceptances, and bills of exchange of the kind and maturities by this act made eligible for rediscount with or without the indorsement of a member bank.

Every federal reserve bank shall have power:

(a) To deal in gold coin and bullion at home or abroad, to make loans thereon, exchange federal reserve notes for gold, gold coin or gold certificates and to contract for loans of gold coin or bullion, giving therefor, when necessary, acceptable security, including the hypothecation of United States bonds or other securities which federal reserve banks are authorized to hold.

(b) To buy and sell at home or abroad bonds and notes of the United States and bills, notes, revenue bonds and warrants with a maturity from date of purchase of not exceeding six months, issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes or in anticipation of the receipt of assured revenues by any state, county, district, political subdivision or municipality in the continental United States, including irrigation, drainage and reclamation districts, such purchases to be made in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the federal reserve board.

(c) To purchase from member banks and to sell, with or without the indorsement, bills of exchange arising out of commercial transactions as hereinafter defined:

(1) To establish from time to time, subject to review and determination of the federal reserve board, rates of discount to be charged by the federal reserve bank for each class of paper, which shall be fixed with a view of accommodating commerce and business;

(2) To establish accounts with other federal reserve banks for exchange purposes and, with the consent of the federal reserve board, to open and maintain banking accounts in foreign countries, appoint correspondents and establish agencies in such countries wherever it may deem best for the purpose of purchasing, selling and collecting bills of exchange, and to buy and sell with or without the indorsement through such correspondents or agencies, bills of exchange arising out of actual commercial transactions which have not more than sixty days to run and which bear the signature of two or more responsible parties.

Section 15 provides that moneys held in the general fund of the United States treasury, except the 5 per cent fund for the redemption of outstanding national bank notes and the funds provided in the act for the redemption of federal reserve notes, may be deposited in federal reserve banks which shall act as fiscal agents and that the funds of the Philippine Islands, the postal savings and any other government funds must be deposited in federal reserve banks.

Section 16 provides for the issuance

of federal reserve notes to federal reserve banks, redeemable in gold on demand at the treasury department or in gold or lawful money at any federal reserve bank. The collateral security shall be notes and bills accepted for rediscount under section 13. Federal reserve banks shall have a federal reserve of 40 per cent of their federal reserve notes and shall maintain a reserve of not less than 5 per cent of the federal reserve notes for their redemption.

Section 17 repeals laws requiring national banks to deposit government bonds with the United States treasury.

Section 18 provides a plan for retiring the 2 per cent bonds on which the present currency is based. Under the plan \$25,000,000 worth of these bonds will be purchased each year, beginning two years after the system is placed in operation, by the member banks from member banks. On one-half of the holdings each regional bank may issue currency. The remainder will be refunded in 3 per cent thirty year bonds or 3 per cent one year treasury notes, which the banks must agree to renew each year for thirty years.

Section 19 describes how member banks shall establish and maintain reserve banks.

Section 20 provides for the examination of each member bank by the controller of the currency at least twice a year, for a special examination of member banks when desired by federal reserve banks and for a special examination of any federal reserve bank upon the application of ten member banks.

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At the Theatres.

THE COLONIAL.

"A MODERN EVE"
Speaking of "A Modern Eve" which appears at the Colonial Theatre tonight, the News of Mansfield O. says: "Not heralded as one of the greatest and biggest ever, but presenting a bright, clean and pleasing musical comedy aptly designated an opera-comedy. Most H. Singer's 'A Modern Eve' in two acts, entertained a large audience at the Opera House Thanksgiving afternoon and evening. The score contains a number of catchy, melodious airs, among them 'Goodbye, Everybody', 'Every Day is Christmas', 'When You're Married', 'Is the Girl You Married the One You Love?' The principals were capable and the chorus is far beyond the average."
WINNING OF BARBARA WORTH
The much talked of presentation in star form of Harpold Bell Wright's

musical production will be up to the usual Klaw and Erlanger standard and promises to rival in excellence their earlier successes, "The Round Up" and "The Trail of the Lonesome Pine."

THE ARCADE.

SPECIAL NEW YEAR'S BILL.
Christmas week brought some dandy shows at the fast growing Arcade, but the week had nothing on the good things coming for New Year's week both first and last half. Neither show should be missed. The first half brings the famous Howard & Fields Dining Car Minstrel which is a special feature booked from big time theatres and is a positive winner. Eric and Nora are a great European novelty musical act that is bound to please. Next comes Walter Perry, that clever singer and monologist, with the usual three fine photo-plays. This bill will please the most



Margaret Brinnard as "Barbara."

famous novel "The Winning of Barbara Worth" will be the attraction at the Colonial Theatre on Monday January 1. No theatrical offering of the current season has aroused more interest or caused more pleasurable anticipation than has this play of action and action and action in the great plains and deserts of the Southwest. The massive and magnificent

Colonial Theatre TONIGHT

A Modern Eve

The Most Delightful, Biggest and Best Musical Comedy Success of Two Seasons.

Special reports from several managers of nearby cities pronounce this famous musical comedy success the best production in years.

Mr. Mort H. Singer of Chicago produced eight big successes in the past six years and "A Modern Eve" is the hit of them all.

"A Guaranteed Production." Prices, 25c to \$1.50.

Colonial Theatre Monday, Jan. 5th

The Season's Biggest Event.
The One Particular Book Play That Always Satisfies the Readers of the Story.

The New and Massive Klaw & Erlanger Production of

THE WINNING OF BARBARA WORTH

A Play by Mark Twain from the Book that Thrilled the World.
By Harold Bell Wright.

If you enjoyed seeing "The Round Up" and "The Trail of the Lonesome Pine," don't miss this magnificent scenic spectacle.

Prices, 25c to \$1.50.
Seats on sale at the West Penn Pharmacy.

ARCADE GREAT NEW YEAR WEEK (Special Engagement.)

EVERY ACT A HIT. FIRST HALF.

Howard & Fields' World Beater,
"THE DINING CAR MINSTRELS"
This Act is a Positive Winner.

WALTER PERRY

Clever Singer and Monologist.

ERIC & NORA

Special European Novelty Musical Act.

ARCADE PHOTOPLAYS

BEST SHOW IN TOWN.

Shows at 2.40, 7.40 and 9.10 P. M. Price 10 and 20c.

WRIGHT-METZLER CO.

Please Shop Before 5.30 Daily and 9 P. M. Saturday

CONNELLSVILLE.

SECTION OF WOMEN'S APPAREL.

SECOND FLOOR.

Tuesday Begins a SALE of Remaining Suits, Dresses, Coats, Furs and Certain Blouses for Women at Prices

One-Third To One-Half Under the Original Lowest-in-the-City Rates

Differing from the women's apparel in other stores here Wright-Metzler clothes are style-perfect, superior in quality and making, distinctive and refined, correct fitting, long-wearing and fairly priced to every body alike.

Women's and Girls' Suits ½ Price

THERE'S not a fashionable mode missing in this collection; they're all here—the cutaway models in all their variations; the smartest English styles with coat and skirt belted; the suits with chic vests and vest effects; the fur-trimmed suits and the tailored styles.

Perfect, every suit; superior in make and fit. No store in town shows as many suits, nor as good suits priced as low as these.

Cheviots, nub worsteds, broadcloths, all the serge weights, broadcloth, pebbled sponge, wool rep, canton crepe and English mixtures.

Gray, mahogany, Copenhagen, leather, Russian green, seal brown, Nigro brown, plum, navy, wisteria, taupe, wine, purple, terra cotta and black.

Sizes 13 to 45—girls' and women's.

Correct Suits \$65.00 grade	\$32.50	Correct Suits \$39.75 grade	\$19.88	Correct Suits \$25.00 grade	\$12.50
Correct Suits \$50.00 grade	\$25.00	Correct Suits \$35.00 grade	\$17.50	Correct Suits \$19.75 grade	\$9.88
Correct Suits \$45.00 grade	\$22.50	Correct Suits \$29.75 grade	\$14.88	Correct Suits \$15.00 grade	\$7.50

Some Coats are Half Price

Good, snug, wearable sorts so modeled that they're always in fashion and therefore most dependable for general use. All-enveloping kinds of sturdy fabrics tastefully patterned and sized for women and girls.

\$5.00 to \$25.00 Grades \$2.50 to \$12.50

—and Other Fabric Coats for Children, Girls and Women are Price-Cut ONE-THIRD

—and there's more and finer kinds to select from than in all the other stores together. This season has brought kinds here that were the admiration of everybody. They are correctly styled, of the finest materials, perfect in make and line and of the wanted colors and textures.

Fair priced \$5.00 Coats	\$3.34	Fair priced \$10.00 Coats	\$6.67	Fair priced \$19.75 Coats	\$13.17
Fair priced \$7.50 Coats	\$5.00	Fair priced \$12.50 Coats	\$8.34	Fair priced \$25.00 Coats	\$16.67
Fair priced \$8.50 Coats	\$5.34	Fair priced \$15.00 Coats	\$10.00	Fair priced \$25.00 Coats	\$23.34

NO LAST YEAR'S CHRISTMAS TREES IN THIS SALE!

There's Dresses in this Sale at Half Former Prices

Kinds you can put right on and wear about the house, to informal affairs, shopping or other occasions. Dresses as worthy as when original prices made them good purchases—going now for hardly the value of the materials in them.

—and Other Dresses are One-Third Less in Price.

More of the modish kinds better made of finer materials and trimmings than you will see elsewhere. Lower prices than you'll find anywhere else. The latest styles and the newest colors in models for afternoon and evening wear; for the street, shopping, travel, teas, theatre, dance and formal affairs.

All wool serge and crepe of fine texture; velvet, silk poplin, Messaline, Canton crepe, crepe meteor, crepe de chine and chiffon over silk. Tastefully and elegantly decorated with washes, lace, gold lace, nets, beads, rosettes, etc.

Low and high necks, long sleeves, draped and straight skirts. Pretty collars, blouse effects and the newest shoulders. Sizes and models' aplenty for everybody.

French blue, Copenhagen, mahogany, tobacco brown, taupe, navy, wisteria, lavender, pink, russet, Russian green, malac, black.

High class \$75.00 grades	\$50.00	High class \$35.00 grades	\$23.34
High class \$60.00 grades	40.00	High class \$25.00 grades	16.67
High class \$50.00 grades	33.34	High class \$15.00 grades	10.00
High class \$45.00 grades	30.00	High class \$5.75 grades	3.84

FURS

Lowest Priced—and a Long Wearing Season Ahead.

High quality, safe grade genuine Mink, Jag, Cross Fox, Coon, Skunk, Lynx, Iceland Fox, Wolf, Lynx Cat, Opossum and other pelts.

Muffs, Neckpieces—single or in sets—style-correct, dependable and of safe grades. Original lowest-in-the-city prices comp down.

One-Third

\$100.00 grade pieces	\$75.00
50.00 grade pieces	37.50
25.00 grade pieces	18.75
15.00 grade pieces	11.25
10.00 grade pieces	7.50
5.00 grade pieces	3.75
2.50 grade pieces	1.87

You should know your store before putting money into furs at any price. Here are SAFE grades, good and staple as old wheat and priced way under the normal market rates. Kinds and styles for women and girls.

Voile, Lingerie and Batiste Waists and Crepe Shirts—\$2.50 to \$4.98 grades, \$1.98

—mussed and handled first class garments priced for quick clearance. Broken sizes high grade materials and top-notch workmanship. Limited assortment.

All Holiday Goods

have been gathered and priced for fast selling. Chance to pick up something now for personal use or for the New Year's gift at a snug saving over original prices.

Leather Novelties
Gold and Silver Novelties
Old Brass Novelties
Grass, Wicker and Reed Goods
Art Calendars and Cards
Christmas Books

New Year's Cards, etc.
Art Needlework (Made)
Royal Society Finished Pieces
Toys, Games and Dolls
and Other Christmas Things
Prices Reduced 1/3 1/4 and 1/2

WRIGHT-METZLER COMPANY, Connellsville